

# **Complaints policy**

#### **Document Control**

### A. Confidentiality Notice

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#### **B.** Document Details

Policy Name:	Complaints policy
Policy Owner:	Medical Director
Organisation:	H3 Health Ltd
Review Due Date:	01/12/2023

#### C. Document Revision and Approval History

Version	Date	Version Created By:	Comments
3.1	3/1/2023	Dr Jeff Foster	Amended additional ways to complain
3.2	10/2/2023	Dr jeff Foster	Made it clear who is responsible and how is deputy
3.3	28/2/2023	Dr Jeff Foster	Certificate for CEDR through

1 NOTE lead clinician for complaints is Dr Foster, unless a complaint is against him, in which case it is Dr Biggs

#### 2 Introduction

#### 2.1 Policy statement

The purpose of this document is to ensure that all staff are aware of the complaints procedure within H3 Health Ltd, affording patients or their representatives the opportunity to make a complaint about the care or treatment they have received by the organisation.

The policy is aligned to the mandatory requirements of the <u>Local Authority Social Services and National Health Service Complaints (England) Regulations (2009)</u> and the <u>Health and Social Care Act 2008 (Regulated Activities) Regulations 2014 (Regulation 16)</u>.

It is also aligned to, and should be read in conjunction with, both the <u>CQC GP</u>

<u>Mythbuster 103 – Complaints Management</u> and the <u>General Medical Council (GMC)</u>

<u>ethical guidance</u> which covers:

- Informing patients of the complaints process and how to make a complaint
- Responding to complaints within appropriate timescales
- Regulatory compliance
- Multi-agency complaints
- Organisational complaint management
- Acknowledging and acting on complaints
- Complaint reporting
- Revalidation guidance for clinicians with regard to reflecting on complaints
- CQC regulatory assurance

#### 2.2 Status

This document and any procedures contained within it are non-contractual and may be modified or withdrawn at any time. For the avoidance of doubt, it does not form part of your contract of employment.

#### **2.3 KLOE**

The Care Quality Commission (CQC) would expect any primary care organisation to have a policy to support this process and this should be used as evidence of compliance against CQC Key Lines of Enquiry (KLOE).<sup>1</sup>

Specifically, H3 Health Ltd will need to answer the CQC key questions on "Safe", "Responsive" and "Well-Led".

The following is the CQC definition of Safe:

By safe, we mean people are protected from abuse\* and avoidable harm.

\*Abuse can be physical, sexual, mental or psychological, financial, neglect, institutional or discriminatory abuse.

#### **CQC KLOE S6**

Are lessons learned and improvements made when things go wrong? Yes – we have rigorous complaints policy with open and honest no blame culture

The following is the CQC definition of Responsive:

By responsive, we mean that services meet people's needs.

#### **CQC KLOE R4**

How are people's concerns and complaints listened and responded to and used to improve the quality of care?

All complaints are documented as per our protocol – all complaints have a policy of acknowledgment within the first 72hrs, the complaint is then investigated thoroughly, and then discussed at a clinical meeting, logged, and changes to practice made where appropriate. Patients are also fed back to where needed and a formal reply. If still unhappy, patients then have the ability to escalate the complaint further

The following is the CQC definition of Well-Led:

By well-led, we mean that the leadership, management and governance of the organisation assure the delivery of high-quality and person-centred care, support learning and innovation and promote an open and fair culture.

# **CQC KLOE W3**

Is there a culture of high-quality, sustainable care?

Yes – as per our doctor policy – all clinicians are:

Practicing NHS GPs

Up to date with mandatory training

**DBS** 

**Appraisals** 

Have specialist information available

Are members of the appropriate royal or British college

Obtain regular feedback from patients and staff

CQC KLOE W7	Are the people who use services, the public, staff and external partners engaged and involved to support high-quality sustainable services?
	Yes – every patient is given a feedback form after their consultation and they comment on every aspect of care from doctor, to blood tests to prescriptions

#### 2.4 Training and support

The organisation will provide guidance and support to help those to whom it applies to understand their rights and responsibilities under this policy. Additional support will be provided to managers and supervisors to enable them to deal more effectively with matters arising from this policy.

#### 3 Scope

# 3.1 Who it applies to

This document applies to all employees of the organisation and other individuals performing functions in relation to the organisation such as agency workers, locums and contractors.

Furthermore, it applies to clinicians who may or may not be employed by the organisation but who are working under the Additional Roles Reimbursement Scheme (ARRS)<sup>1</sup>

#### 3.2 Why and how it applies to them

All staff at H3 Health Ltd are to be fully conversant with this policy and are to understand that all patients have a right to have their complaint acknowledged and investigated properly. H3 Health Ltd takes complaints seriously and ensures that they are investigated in an unbiased, transparent, non-judgemental and timely manner.

The organisation will maintain communication with the complainant (or their representative) throughout, ensuring they know the complaint is being taken seriously.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Network DES specification 2022/23

The organisation will also aim to design and implement policies and procedures that meet the diverse needs of our service and workforce, ensuring that none are placed at a disadvantage over others, in accordance with the <u>Equality Act 2010</u>.

Consideration has been given to the impact this policy might have with regard to the individual protected characteristics of those to whom it applies.

#### 4 Guidance

#### 4.1 Legislation

Every NHS facility has a complaints procedure. This permits a patient (or their nominated representative) to submit a complaint either to the NHS organisation or the organisation that has been commissioned by the NHS to provide a service.

This organisation adopts a patient-focused approach to complaint handling in accordance with the <u>National Health Service England Complaints Policy (2021)</u> whilst also conforming to guidance detailed in:

- 1. Good Practice Standards for NHS Complaints Handling 2013
- 2. Parliamentary and Health Service Ombudsman's Principles of Good Complaints Handling 2009
- 3. My Expectations 2014
- 4. The NHS Constitution
- 5. <u>Health and Social Care Act 2008 (Regulated Activities) Regulations 2014:</u>
  Regulation 16
- 6. The Local Authority Social Services and National Health Services
  Complaints (England) Regulations 2009

#### 4.2 Responsible person

At H3 Health Ltd, the responsible person is the Clinical Director. They are responsible for ensuring compliance with the complaints regulations making sure action is taken as a result of the complaint.

#### 4.3 Complaints manager

At H3 Health Ltd, the complaints manager is the Medical Director or Practice Manager. They are responsible for managing all complaints procedures and must be readily identifiable to service users.

The responsible person and complaints manager can be the same person, but in this case, falls to the Registered Manager and Medical Director.

#### 4.4 Definition of a complaint versus a concern

For the purposes of this policy, NHS E defines that a complaint is an expression of dissatisfaction about an act, omission or decision, either verbal or written, and whether justified or not which requires a response.

It is the responsibility of the complaints manager to consider whether the complaint is informal and therefore early resolution of an issue may be possible. If the complaints manager believes an issue can be resolved quickly then this organisation will aim to do this in around 10 working days and, with the agreement of the enquirer, importantly we will categorise this as a concern and not a complaint.

However, if the enquirer is clear that they wish to make a formal complaint then the organisation will follow this complaints policy in full.

# 4.5 Complaints procedure promulgation

H3 Health Ltd prominently displays the process is included on the organisation website.

The information provided is written in conjunction with this policy and refers to the legislation detailed in <u>Section 3.1</u>.

# 4.6 Parliamentary and Health Service Ombudsman (PHSO) + CEDR

Complaints in the Private sector are not always subject to the same arbitration rules as the NHS. Therefore, in the event that a complaint cannot be resolved internally, patients may wish to contact the The Ombudsman, but they it is possible that as this is not within the NHS, patients should be offered the alternative routes to complain:

PLEASE NOTE WE ARE MEMBERS OF CEDR which acts as an independent arbitrator for complaints in the private sector. In the event of complaint escalation, CEDR should be contacted to act as an independent mediator service

The Centre for Effective Dispute Resolution's independent mediation scheme for patients (<a href="https://www.cedr.com/consumer-disputes/healthcare/mediation/introduction">https://www.cedr.com/consumer-disputes/healthcare/mediation/introduction</a>).

the European Online Dispute Resolution platform at https://webgate.ec.europa.eu/odr.

It is worth noting that the Ombudsman can recommend that organisations provide explanations, apologies and financial remedies to service users and that they take action to improve services.

# 4.7 Complainant options

The complainant, or their representative, can complain about any aspect of care or treatment they have received at this organisation to:

- a. This organisation via the complaints manager
- b. Escalation to the Registered Manager/Medical Director
- c. Centre for Effective Dispute Resolution's independent mediation scheme for patients
- d. European Online Dispute Resolution platform at https://webgate.ec.europa.eu/odr.
- e. Ombudsman

The time constraint for bringing a complaint is 12 months from the occurrence giving rise to the complaint or 12 months from the time that the complainant becomes aware of the matter about which they wish to complain.

If, however, there are good reasons for complaints not being made within the timescale detailed above, consideration may be afforded to investigating the complaint if it is still feasible to investigate the complaint *effectively* and *fairly*.

# 4.8 Responding to a concern

Should the complaints manager become aware that a patient, or the patient's representative, wishes to discuss a concern, then these are deemed to be less formal and should be responded to as detailed below.

Points that should be considered are that:

- Should the patient be on the premises, then there will need to be a degree of interaction sooner than if it was a telephone call or email
- All facts need to be ascertained prior to any conversation
- Should the person be angry, contacting them too soon may inflame the situation further if they not receive the outcome that they desire
- Consider any potential precedence that may be established and will any future concern be expected to always be dealt with immediately should any response be given too soon
- Time management always needs to be considered
- Many of the concerns raised are not a true complaint, simply a point to note
  or a concern and this will still be investigated and an answer ordinarily given
  within 10 working days. In doing this and with agreement with the enquirer,
  this would not need to be logged as a complaint as this can be dealt with as a
  concern.

Whilst each concern will warrant its own response, generally at H3 Health Ltd the outcome will always be to ensure that the best response is always provided.

#### 4.9 Responding to a complaint

The complainant has a right to be regularly updated regarding the progress of their complaint. The complaints manager at H3 Health Ltd will provide an initial response to acknowledge any complaint within three working days after the complaint is received.

All complaints are to be added to the complaints log in accordance with Section 3.27.

There are no timescales when considering a complaint, simply that it must be investigated thoroughly and that the complainant should be kept up to date with the progress of their complaint

The MDU and MPS provides advice in its document titled <u>How to respond to a complaint</u> dated 4 November 2019. The MDU further advises that a response or decision should be made within six months with regular updates during the investigation. If it extends beyond this time then the complainant must be advised.

#### CQC GP Mythbuster 103 states the following:

- The tone of a response needs to be professional, measured and sympathetic
- Patient confidentiality should be considered and timescales agreed
- Verbal complaints (not resolved in 24 hours) should be written up by the provider. They should share this with the complainant to agree content
- Practices cannot insist complainants 'put their complaints in writing'

#### 4.10 Route of a complaint

Patients can opt to complain either verbally or in writing. No matter what the cause of the complaint, all staff are to offer empathy when entering into discussions with the complainant. All staff at H3 Health Ltd must fully understand the complaints process.

The complainant should be provided with a copy of the organisation leaflet detailing the complaints process at  $\underline{\mathsf{Annex}\;\mathsf{D}}$ 

#### Stage 1

The complainant may make a complaint to either the organisation

#### Stage 2

If not content with either response following a full investigation, the complainant may then escalate this to the Parliamentary Health Service Ombudsman (PHSO) if able, but as a private service we would also offer mediation via CEDR.

#### 4.11 Verbal complaints

If a patient wishes to complain verbally and if the patient is content for the person dealing with the complaint to deal with this matter and if appropriate to do so, then complaints should be managed at this level. After this conversation, the patient may suggest that no further action is needed. If this should be the case, then the matter can be deemed to be closed, although the complaints manager should still be informed as this needs to be added to the complaints log in accordance with <a href="Section 3.27">Section 3.27</a>.

This local resolution is the quickest method of resolving a complaint and will negate the requirement for the complaint to proceed through the formal complaint process.

An acknowledgement of the verbal complaint will suffice and therefore the complaints manager does not need to subsequently respond in writing, although the verbal complaint must be recorded in the complaints log. This will enable any trends to be identified and improvements to services made if applicable. The complaints manager should record notes of the discussion (for reference only) which may be used when discussing complaints at meetings.

If the matter demands immediate attention, the complaints manager should be contacted who may then offer the patient an appointment or may offer to see the complainant at this stage.

Staff are reminded that when internally escalating any complaint to the complaint's manager then a full explanation of the events leading to the complaint is to be given to allow any appropriate response.

Note a verbal complaint, may simply be a concern. Should this be a less formal concern and in agreement with the enquirer, then the process at <u>Section 3.9</u> should be followed.

#### 4.12 Written complaints

Whilst this is not the preferred option due to the timescales involved in compiling a letter of complaint and any subsequent response for both the patient and the complaints manager, an alternative option can be offered for any complaint to be forwarded by letter or email to the complaints manager.

When a complaint is received then the response is to be as per <u>Section 3.10</u>.

#### 4.13 Who can make a complaint?

A complaint may be made by the person who is affected by the action or it may be made by a person acting on behalf of a patient in any case where that person:

Has died

In the case of a person who has died, the complainant must be the personal representative of the deceased. This organisation will require to be satisfied that the complainant is the personal representative.

Where appropriate we may request evidence to substantiate the complainant's claim to have a right to the information.

Has physical or mental incapacity

In the case of a person who is unable by reason of physical capacity or lacks capacity within the meaning of the Mental Capacity Act 2005 to make the complaint themselves, this organisation needs to be satisfied that the complaint is being made in the best interests of the person on whose behalf the complaint is made.

Has given consent to a third party acting on their behalf

In the case of a third party pursuing a complaint on behalf of the person affected we will request the following information:

- o Name and address of the person making the complaint
- o Name and either date of birth or address of the affected person
- Contact details of the affected person so that we can contact them for confirmation that they consent to the third party acting on their behalf

The above information will be documented in the file pertaining to this complaint and confirmation will be issued to both the person making the complaint and the person affected.

- Has delegated authority to act on their behalf, for example in the form of a registered Power of Attorney which must cover health affairs
- Is an MP, acting on behalf of and by instruction from a constituent

Should the complaints manager believe a representative does or did not have sufficient interest in the person's welfare, or is not acting in their best interests, they will discuss the matter with either the defence union or NHS England area complaints team to confirm prior to notifying the complainant in writing of any decision.

#### 4.14 Complaints advocates

Details of how patients can complain and also how to find independent NHS complaints advocates are to be detailed within the organisation leaflet at Annex D.

Independent advocacy services include:

 POhWER – a charity that helps people to be involved in decisions being made about their care. POhWER's support centre can be contacted via 0300 456 2370

- 2. Advocacy People gives advocacy support. Call 0330 440 9000 for advice or text 80800 starting message with PEOPLE
- 3. Age UK may have advocates in the area. Visit their website or call 0800 055 6112
- 4. Local councils can offer support in helping the complainant to find an advocacy service. Visit <a href="https://www.gov.uk/find-your-local-council">https://www.gov.uk/find-your-local-council</a>

# 4.15 Investigating complaints

H3 Health Ltd will ensure that complaints are investigated effectively and in accordance with extant legislation and guidance.

This organisation will adhere to the following standards when addressing complaints:

- 1. The complainant has a single point of contact in the organisation and is placed at the centre of the process. The nature of their complaint and the outcome they are seeking are established at the outset.
- 2. The complaint undergoes initial assessment and any necessary immediate action is taken. A lead investigator is identified.
- 3. Investigations are thorough, where appropriate obtain independent evidence and opinion, and are carried out in accordance with local procedures, national guidance and within legal frameworks.
- 4. The investigator reviews, organises and evaluates the investigative findings.
- 5. The judgement reached by the decision maker is transparent, reasonable and based on the evidence available.
- 6. The complaint documentation is accurate and complete. The investigation is formally recorded with the level of detail appropriate to the nature and seriousness of the complaint.
- 7. Both the complainant and those complained about are responded to adequately.
- 8. The investigation of the complaint is complete, impartial and fair.
- 9. The complainant should receive a full response or decision within six months following the initial complaint being made. If the complaint is still being investigated, then this would be deemed to be a reasonable explanation for a delay.

#### 4.16 Conflicts of interest

The complaints manager and/or investigating clinician must consider and declare whether there are any circumstances by which a reasonable person would consider that their ability to apply judgement or act as a clinical reviewer could be impaired or influenced by another interest that they may hold.

This includes, but is not limited to, having a close association with the complained about, having trained or appraised the complained about and/or being in a financial arrangement with them previously or currently<sup>2</sup>.

Should such circumstances arise, the organisation should seek to appoint another member of the organisation as the responsible person with appropriate complaint management experience.

#### 4.17 Final formal response to a complaint

A final response should only be issued to the complainant once the letter has been agreed by all directors

- Be professional, well thought out and sympathetic
- Deal fully with all the complainant's complaints
- Include a factual chronology of events which sets out and describes every relevant consultation or telephone contact, referring to the clinical notes as required
- Set out what details are based on memory, contemporaneous notes or normal practice
- Explain any medical terminology in a way in which the complainant will understand
- Contain an apology, offer of treatment or other redress if something has gone wrong
- The response should also highlight what the organisation has done, or intends to do, to remedy the concerns identified to ensure that the problem does not happen again
- The response should inform the complainant that they may complain to the Parliamentary and Health Service Ombudsman (PHSO) if they remain dissatisfied

Consideration must be given to the fact that the response is likely to be read by the complainant's family and possibly legal advisers.

A full explanation and apology may assist in avoiding a claim. However, if a patient subsequently brings a claim for compensation, the complaint file is likely to be used in those proceedings so it is important that any response to a complaint is clear and well explained and can be supported by evidence.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> NHS England Complaints Policy 2021

The full and final response should ordinarily be completed within six months, signed by the responsible person<sup>5</sup>, although should it be likely that this will go beyond this timescale, the complaints manager will contact the complainant to update and give a projected completion timescale.

A template example of the final response letter can be found at Annex F.

#### 4.18 Confidentiality in relation to complaints

Any complaint is investigated with the utmost confidence and all associated documentation will be held separately from the complainant's medical records.

Complaint confidentiality will be maintained, ensuring only managers and staff who are involved in the investigation know the particulars of the complaint.

#### 4.19 Persistent and unreasonable complaints

The management of persistent and unreasonable complaints at H3 Health Ltd is achieved by following the guidance detailed at Appendix 3.

#### 4.20 Complaints citing legal action

Should any complaint be received and the content states that legal action has been sought then, prior to any response, consideration should be given to contacting the defence union for guidance.

- 1. It is strongly suggested that should any organisation receive a complaint that highlights that legal action has been taken then they should be cautious.
- 2. By doing nothing with any complaint of this type, this could affect the outcome of a CQC assessment as the response <u>must</u> deal with a complaint that cites legal action against you as you would for any other complaint.
- 3. It is strongly suggested that organisations make a record of everything involving the complaint.

#### 4.21 Complaints involving external staff

Should a complaint be received about a member of another organisation's staff, then this is to be brought to the attention of the complaints manager at the earliest

opportunity. The complaints manager will then liaise with the other organisation's manager.

# 4.22 Multi-agency complaints

The Local Authority Social Services and NHS Complaints (England) Regulations 2009 state that organisations have a duty to co-operate in multi-agency complaints.

If a complaint is about more than one health or social care organisation, there should be a single co-ordinated response. Complaints managers from each organisation will need to determine which the lead organisation will be and the lead organisation will then be responsible for coordinating the complaint, agreeing timescales with the complainant.

If a complaint becomes multi-agency, the organisation should seek the complainant's consent to ask for a joint response. The final response should include this

#### 4.23 Complaints involving locum staff

H3 Health Ltd will ensure that all locum staff, be it GPs, nurses or administrative staff, are aware of both the complaints process and that they will be expected to partake in any subsequent investigation, even if they have left the organisation (keeping in mind the 12-month time frame to complain).

Locum staff must receive assurance that they will be treated equally and that there is no difference between locum staff, salaried staff or partners.

#### 4.24 Significant events

When a complaint is raised, it may prompt other considerations, such as a significant event (SE). SEs are an excellent way to determine the root cause of an event and H3 Health Ltd can benefit from the learning outcomes because of the SE.

It is advised that the complainant, their carers and/or family are involved in the SE process. This helps to demonstrate to the complainant that the issue is being taken seriously and investigated by H2 Health Ltd

Further information on the significant event process can be sought from the Significant event and incident policy.

## 4.25 Fitness to practise

When a complaint is raised, consideration may need to be given to whether the complaint merits a fitness to practise referral. Advice may need to be sought from the relevant governing body such as the GMC, NMC, HCPC etc.

At H3 Health Ltd the Clinical Director will be responsible for firstly discussing the complaint with the clinician involved and then seeking guidance from the relevant governing body where applicable.

#### 4.26 Logging and retaining complaints

All organisations will need to log their complaints and retain as per the <u>Records</u> <u>Retention Schedule</u>.

Evidence required includes:

- a. Logging, updating and tracking for trends and considerations
- b. Details of all dates of acknowledgement, holding and final response letters and the timely completion of all correspondence relating to the complaint
- c. Compliance with the complaints in the categories that are required to complete the annual KO14b submission<sup>3</sup>

# 5 Use of complaints as part of the revalidation process

#### 5.1 Outlined processes

As part of the revalidation process, GPs must declare and reflect on any formal complaints about them in tandem with any complaints received outside of formal complaint procedures at their appraisal for revalidation. These complaints may provide useful learning.

The Royal College of General Practitioners (RCGP) has produced <u>appropriate</u> guidance for this purpose.

Nurses may also wish to use information about complaints as part of their <a href="NMC">NMC</a> revalidation. This feedback can contribute towards submissions about organisation related feedback and it can also be part of a written reflective account.

### 6 CQC regulatory complaint assessment during inspection

# 6.1 Overview

The CQC will inspect the organisation to ensure the organisation is safe, effective, responsive, caring and well-led under the <u>Health and Social Care Act 2008</u> (<u>Regulated Activities</u>) <u>Regulations 2014</u> (<u>Regulation 16</u>) and particularly with regard to KLOE R4 concerns and complaints.

When assessing complaints management, the CQC will seek to be satisfied of the following, as directed within the GP Mythbuster 103 – Complaints management:

- People who use the service know how to make a complaint or raise concerns
- People feel comfortable, confident and are encouraged to make a complaint and speak up
- The complaints process is easy to use. People are given help and support where necessary
- The complaints process involves all parties named or involved in the complaint. They have an opportunity to be involved in the response.
- The provider uses accessible information or support if they need to raise concerns
- The complaints are handled effectively, including:
  - Ensuring openness and transparency
  - o Confidentiality
  - Regular updates for the complainant
  - A timely response and explanation of the outcome
  - o A formal record
- Systems and processes protect people from discrimination, harassment or disadvantage
- Complaints are logged and monitored to assess trends and shared with the wider team. They are used to learn and drive continuous improvement. Trends are used to highlight where changes or improvements may be needed.

The complaints manager will advise the complaints procedure to the complainant or their representative. In many cases, a prompt response and, if the complaint is upheld, an explanation and an apology will suffice and will prevent the complaint from escalating (an apology does not constitute an admission of organisational weakness).

The CQC will also expect all staff to fully understand the complaints process.

#### 7 Further information

Further relevant information is available within both:

- The Data Protection Act 2018
- The General Data Protection Regulation Public Interest Disclosure Act 1998

#### 8 Summary

The care and treatment delivered by H3 Health Ltd is done so with due diligence and in accordance with current guidelines. However, it is acknowledged that sometimes things can go wrong.

By having an effective complaints process in place, this organisation can investigate and resolve complaints in a timely manner, achieving the desired outcome for service users whilst also identifying lessons learned and ultimately improving service delivery.

# **SECTION 1: PATIENT DETAILS**

Surname	Title	
Forename	Address	
Date of birth		
Telephone no.	Postcode	

# **SECTION 2: COMPLAINT DETAILS**

Please	give full	details	of the c	omplaint	below	including	dates,	times,	locations	and
names	of any o	rganisat	tion staf	f (if knov	vn). Co	ntinue on	a sepa	arate pa	age if rec	juired.

# **SECTION 3: OUTCOME**

# **SECTION 4: SIGNATURE**

Surname & initials	Title	
Signature	Date	

#### **SECTION 5: ACTIONS**

Pas	sed to management	Yes/No
1		

# Annex B – Third party patient complaint form

#### **SECTION 1: PATIENT DETAILS**

Surname	Title	
Forename	Address	
Date of birth		
Telephone no.	Postcode	

#### **SECTION 2: THIRD PARTY DETAILS**

Surname	Title	
Forename	Address	
Date of birth		
Telephone No.	Postcode	

#### **SECTION 3: DECLARATION**

I hereby authorise the individual detailed in Section 2 to act on my behalf in making this complaint and to receive such information as may be considered relevant to the complaint. I understand that any information given about me is limited to that which is relevant to the subsequent investigation of the complaint and may only be disclosed to those people who have consented to act on my behalf.

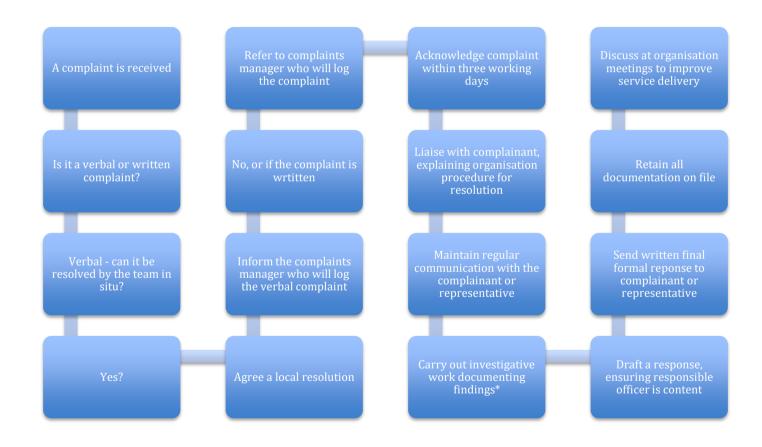
This authority	$\prime$ is for an	indefinite	period/for a	a limited	period onl	٧*.

١	Where a li	mited	period	applies,	this a	authority	is valid	until	/	<i>.</i> /	'	
(	(insert date	e).										

# **SECTION 4: SIGNATURE**

Surname & initials	Title	
Signature	Date	

# Annex C – Complaint handling desktop aide-memoire



\* It may be necessary to liaise with external third parties such as hospitals in order to gather additional information or to formulate a joint response. Where this is the case, the patient or their representative must be advised accordingly

# Annex D – Acknowledgement of a complaint letter (example)

[Complainant's name]

[Complainant's address]

[Date]

Reference [Enter]

Dear [name],

#### **Acknowledgment of complaint**

Thank you for your letter [dated] regarding your complaint. We are sorry that you have felt that the standard of service at H3 Health Ltd warranted your complaint. Please be advised that, whilst complaints are infrequent, when received we will thoroughly investigate and will always manage these in line with the NHS contract. Our promise to you includes that we will:

- Keep you [or your advocate] up to date with the progress of your complaint
- We will attempt to investigate and provide a detailed response as quickly as possible.
   Some complaints may take longer than others so we do not want to offer any specific timescale. However, throughout the investigation, this organisation will keep you upto-date with the progress and this can be by telephone, email or letter and will be as agreed with you
- You [or your advocate] can expect to receive a quality response
- Should there be any learning outcome, you [or your advocate] will be provided with what actions have been taken to prevent any future recurrence

We are aware that you would wish for a response as soon as possible and we will endeavour to conduct a full and thorough investigation in the shortest period possible.

Please find enclosed a copy of the Complaints Leaflet. This details what you should expect, a list of advocacy services should you need any support and what to do should you not be content with the findings of this complaint.

Yours sincerely,

[Signed]

[<mark>Name</mark>]

[Role]

Enc: Complaints Leaflet

#### Annex F – Final response to a complaint letter (example)

#### [Complainant's name]

[Complainant's address]

#### [Date]

Reference [Enter]

Dear [name],

# Final response to complaint

Further to my letter dated [enter], please see below the findings following a full investigation into your complaint dated [insert].

[Detail, although the response is to include the following as per section 3.16]

- a. Be professional, well thought out and sympathetic
- b. Deal fully with all the complainant's complaints
- c. Include a factual chronology of events which sets out and describes every relevant consultation or telephone contact, referring to the clinical notes as required
- Set out what details are based on memory, contemporaneous notes or normal practice
- e. Explain any medical terminology in a way in which the complainant will understand
- f. Contain an apology, offer of treatment or other redress if something has gone wrong. The response should also highlight what the organisation has done, or intends to do, to remedy the concerns identified to ensure that the problem does not happen again.

Please be advised that this is the final response. Should you remain dissatisfied with the findings of this investigation, then you may further complain in writing to the Parliamentary and Health Service Ombudsman (PHSO) at either:

Milbank Tower Millbank LONDON SW1P 4QP Citygate Mosley Street MANCHESTER M2 3HQ

The PHSO may be contacted via telephone on 0345 015 4033. Further details on how to make a complaint to PHSO can be sought at <a href="https://www.ombudsman.org.uk">www.ombudsman.org.uk</a>.

Yours sincerely,

[<mark>Signed</mark>]

[<mark>Name</mark>]

[<mark>Role</mark>]